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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/558,871	04/28/2000	John F. Norris	P-8873	3151
27581	7590	08/12/2003		
MEDTRONIC, INC. 710 MEDTRONIC PARKWAY NE MS-LC340 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55432-5604			EXAMINER DROESCH, KRISTEN L	
			ART UNIT 3762	PAPER NUMBER
			DATE MAILED: 08/12/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/558,871	NORRIS ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Kristen L Drosch	3762	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 June 2003.

2a) This action is FINAL.      2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-58 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-6,9,15,16,19-21,24,31-34,37,43,44,47-49 and 52 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) 3,7,8,10-14,17,18,22,23,25-30,35,36,38-42,45,46,50,51 and 53-58 is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 4/28/00 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some \* c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).

a)  The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

#### Attachment(s)

1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ .
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ .	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9, 15-16, 20-21, 24, 31-34, 37, 43- 44, 48-49 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Levine et al. (6,058,328).

With respect to claims 1, 16, and 44, Levine et al. shows an implantable medical device and method comprising a electrical cardiac activity sensor, and a T-wave analyzer that analyzes cardiac risk based on a comparison of the indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion (Col. 13, line 34-Col. 14, line 53, Col. 28, line 38-Col. 29, line 16, Col. 33, lines 42-61).

Regarding claims 2, and 31, Levine et al. shows a pacing generator that applies increased rate pacing stimuli (Col. 15, line 14-30).

With respect to claims 4 and 32, Levine et al. shows a memory (Col. 28, lines 55-59).

Regarding claims 5, 20, 33, and 48, Levine et al. shows providing an alert by initiating preemptive tachycardia pacing therapy.

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Regarding claims 6, 21, 34, and 49, Levine et al. shows the T-wave analyzer analyzes differences in the QT interval over a series of two or more heartbeats to evaluate cardiac risk (Col. 33, lines 42-61).

With respect to claims 9, 24, 37 and 52, Levine et al. shows the T-wave analyzer analyzes differences in the T-wave characteristics (time of occurrence following Q wave) over a series of two or more heartbeats to evaluate cardiac risk (Col. 33, lines 42-61).

With respect to claims 15 and 43, Levine et al. shows a pacing generator that applies pacing stimuli and a processor or controller that controls the pacing generator based on the indication of T-wave alternans (Col. 13, line 34-Col. 14, line 53, Col. 15, line 14-30, Col. 28, line 38-Col. 29, line 16, Col. 33, lines 42-61).

The functional language and statements of intended use have been carefully considered but are not considered to impart any further structural limitations over the prior art.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 19, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levine et al. (6,058,328) in view of KenKnight (6,148,230). Although Levine et al. fails to show means for storing T-wave alternans indications provided by the sensor in a memory, attention is directed to KenKnight who shows a similar device that stores T-wave alternans indications (Col.

3, lines 45-52, Fig. 2, Col. 4, lines 1-15, 36-41). KenKnight teaches that the T-wave alternans information stored in the memory can be utilized to reprogram or modify the device via telemetry or the device may use the information to auto-learn over time. Therefore it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Levine et al. by adding the means for storing T-wave alternans indication provided by the sensor in a memory of KenKnight in order to utilize the T-wave alternans information stored in the memory to reprogram or modify the device via telemetry, or the device may use the stored information to auto-learn over time.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

5. Claims 3, 7-8, 10-14, 17-18, 22-23, 25-30, 35-36, 38-42, 45-46, 50-51, and 53-58 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

6. With respect to claims 3, 18, and 46, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with a second sensor that senses increased heart rate and triggers the T-wave analyzer to evaluate cardiac risk.

7. Regarding claims 7, 22, 35, and 50, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave

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analyzer which analyzes differences in the amplitude of the T-wave over a series of two or more heartbeats.

8. With respect to claims 8, 23, 36, and 51, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave analyzer that analyzes differences in the slope of the T-wave over a series of two or more heartbeats.

9. Regarding claims 10, 25, 38, and 53, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave analyzer that evaluates cardiac risk based on differences in a Fourier analysis over a series of two or more heartbeats

10. With respect to claims 11, 26, 39, and 54, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave analyzer that compares alternate repolarization signals over a series of two or more heartbeats to evaluate cardiac risk.

11. Regarding claims 12, 27, 40, and 55, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer,

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responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave analyzer that counts the number of times the T-wave alternans satisfies the criterion and if the number exceeds a predetermined threshold indicating cardiac risk.

12. With respect to claims 13, 28, 41, and 56, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with the T-wave analyzer that analyzes a relationship between the T-wave alternans and the predetermined criterion over a period of time and stores the results of the analysis in the memory.

13. Regarding claims 14, 29, 42, 57, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with a digital signal processor that analyzes T-wave morphology for evaluating cardiac risk.

14. With respect to claims 17, 30, 45, 58, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a device and method including an implantable medical device that includes a T-wave analyzer, responsive to an electrical sensor, that evaluates cardiac risk based on a comparison of an indication of T-wave alternans to a predetermined criterion, in combination with a pacing generator that applies an increased pacing rate to facilitate sensing of the T-wave alternans.

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***Response to Arguments***

15. Applicant's arguments filed 6/13/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant has argued that Levine (6,058,328) shows a P-wave analyzer. The examiner respectfully points out Col. 2, lines 42-61 of the Levine reference which specifically shows measuring the alternans of the QT interval, also known as the alternans of the T-wave with respect to the Q wave. By measuring the alternans of the QT interval and comparing it with a learned normal template or predetermined threshold (Col. 13, lines 34-60, Col. 29, lines 6-9), the device determines susceptibility to a ventricular arrhythmia and applies preemptive tachycardia pacing (PTP)

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***Conclusion***

16. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kristen L Drosch whose telephone number is 703-605-1185. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:00 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angie Sykes can be reached on 703-308-5181. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3590 for regular communications and 703-305-3590 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

*Kristen Drosch*

kld  
July 29, 2003

*Kennedy Schatzle*  
KENNEDY SCHAZTLE  
PRIMARY EXAMINER  
8-8-03